Hydrocarbons



Hydrocarbon ingestions can cause early CNS depression and seizures, and delayed aspiration pneumonitis.

Categories/Examples	Management
Aliphatic: essential oils (see separate eucalyptus and essential oils	Supportive care and attention to ABCs are the mainstay of treatment.
guideline), petroleum distillates, turpentine	Intubation and ventilation may be required for significant CNS depression.
Aromatic: benzene, xylene, toluene	Decontamination:
Halogenated: carbon tetrachloride, methylene chloride, chloroform	Remove clothing and decontaminate skin as required.
Alkane gases: propane, butane	There is no role for activated charcoal.
Toxicity: Most exposures are benign	Seizures: Diazepam 5-10 mg IV every 5 min as necessary
Oral : gastric irritation; high risk for pulmonary aspiration	Aspiration pneumonitis
Inhalation: see 'Inhalants/Volatile Substance Use' guideline	Management is supportive
Dermal: dermatitis, chemical burns or defatting injury of skin.	Oxygen and bronchodilators as required
<u>Clinical features:</u>	Severe cases may require non-invasive or mechanical ventilation
Pulmonary: cough, tachypnea, dyspnea, wheeze, low SpO2	There is no proven role for corticosteroids or antibiotics
Can be delayed 6 hours; prolonged inhalation -> asphyxia	<u>Cardiotoxicity</u> (More likely to occur in inhalational exposures)
CNS : euphoria, disinhibition, CNS depression, seizures	- see separate 'Inhalants/Volatile Substance Use' guideline
Usually rapid onset within 1-2 hours	Hepatotoxicity:
Renal toxicity: Acute toluene – high AG metabolic acidosis	Possible with clove oil, pennyroyal oil and halogenated hydrocarbons
Chronic toluene – renal tubular acidosis, hypokalaemia	- Use of NAC may be hepatoprotective – dosing is same as for paracetamol toxicity
Hepatotoxicity: particularly halogenated hydrocarbons	Disposition: Ingestions with normal CXR and no symptoms can be discharged
CO poisoning: unique to methylene chloride exposure	after 6 hours observation pending mental health assessment.
CVS: arrhythmias, Sudden Sniffing Death Syndrome (rare)	
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