

Caffeine is an adenosine receptor antagonist, and phosphodiesterase antagonist. Massive caffeine overdose can cause life-threatening seizures and arrhythmias.

Toxicity / Risk Assessment	Management
Severe toxicity is unusual unless massive ingestion	Aggressive supportive care is the mainstay of management
> 30 mg/kg: mild/moderate toxicity	Decontamination: Offer activated charcoal 50 g if < 2 hours post ingestion
> 100 mg/kg: severe toxicity	Fluid & Electrolytes:
> 150 mg/kg: life-threatening toxicity	IV fluid replacement if dehydrated from vomiting or as initial treatment of hypotension
Caffeine Preparations:	If \downarrow K, replace with caution . Aim K ⁺ 3.0-3.5 mmol/L as \downarrow K ⁺ is due to intracellular shift & not K ⁺ loss.
- Energy drinks (generally range 50-100mg/250ml)	Significant potential for rebound ↑K+
- Pharmaceuticals, often in combination with analgesics	Seizures:
- Adulterant in party / illicit drugs	Diazepam 5 mg IV every 5 minutes as necessary
- Caffeine powders: often highly concentrated (80-100%)	Agitation:
<u>Clinical features:</u>	Benzodiazepines: Diazepam 2.5-5 mg IV q10 minutes or 5–10 mg PO q30 minutes
Onset of clinical effects is usually within 2-4 hours	Arrhythmias (SVT, VT, or refractory VF):
Toxicity may last 24-36 hours following large exposures	Esmolol (500 mcg/kg IV over 1 minute, followed by 25 – 200 mcg/kg/min infusion as required)
GI - nausea, vomiting (can be protracted)	Adenosine may also be used for SVT but higher doses may be required
CVS - tachycardia, hypotension, arrhythmias, AMI	Enhanced Elimination:
CNS - tremor, anxiety, agitation, seizures	Multi-dose Activated Charcoal (MDAC, see separate guideline) (25g every 2 hours): consider in
Metabolic – respiratory alkalosis (\uparrow ventilation), $\downarrow K^+$,	ingestions > 50mg/kg
metabolic acidosis (catecholamine excess, 1actate),	Consider haemodialysis if severe refractory toxicity (discuss with clinical toxicologist)
↑BSL, ↑Ca ²⁺	Disposition:
Other – rhabdomyolysis	Reported ingestion > 30 mg/kg or symptomatic patient: observe for at least 6 hours
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